

|| နဂါးမင်းသားတို့၏အမည်ကို  
ပေးအပ်သောအခါ၌ နဂါးမင်း  
သားတို့၏အမည်ကို ပေးအပ်  
သောအခါ၌









ရိယုယုဂါတ ရယုဝိသိဝါဂါလယုဝိသိဝါဂါလ နှိယုဝိသိဝါဂါလ နှိယုဝိသိဝါဂါလ နှိယုဝိသိဝါဂါလ  
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Handwritten text in an ancient script, likely Pahlavi, on a fragment of parchment. The text is arranged in several lines and includes some red ink markings, possibly indicating initials or specific words. The script is dense and characteristic of the Sassanid or early Islamic periods.



Handwritten text in a medieval script, likely Gothic or similar, on a fragment of parchment. The text is arranged in several lines, with some words highlighted in red ink (rubrics). The script is dense and characteristic of the late Middle Ages. The parchment is aged and shows signs of wear, including tears and discoloration.

Handwritten text in an ancient script, likely Pahlavi, on a fragment of aged parchment. The text is arranged in approximately seven lines, written in a dense, cursive hand. The script consists of numerous small, interconnected characters, characteristic of the Sassanid or Sasanian writing system. The parchment is yellowed with age and shows signs of wear, including some staining and irregular edges. The text appears to be a continuous passage, possibly a religious or administrative document, given the formal nature of the script and the fragment's origin in an ancient manuscript.

















Handwritten text in an ancient script, likely Burmese, on a fragment of aged paper. The text is arranged in approximately six lines. A small portion of the text in the lower right quadrant is written in red ink, possibly indicating a title or a specific section. The script is dense and characteristic of traditional Burmese manuscripts.





Handwritten text on a fragment of ancient papyrus, likely in Coptic script. The text is arranged in approximately six horizontal lines. The first line begins with a red initial character, possibly a Greek letter alpha (Α) or a Coptic equivalent. The script is dense and cursive, with some characters appearing to be ligatures. The fragment is irregularly shaped with frayed edges, suggesting it is a piece from a larger document. The background is dark, making the light-colored papyrus and the dark ink stand out.